## **ELA Grade 8: Scope and Sequence**

Unit 1: What Matters in Life?

How do text elements build and establish theme in order to promote deeper understanding of the text?

## **Reading and Writing: Literature**

Point of View: Literature

Text Structure and How it Supports Meaning

Dialogue and How Authors Use it to Advance Plot Theme

**Literary Analysis** 

**Text Dependent Analysis** 

#### **Grammar:**

Complete sentences, fragments, run-ons Subject-Verb Agreement Pronoun-Antecedent Agreement Homophones and Homonyms (Commonly Confused Words)

## **Word Study:**

mal, ver, ethn, sacr/secr/sacer, dei/div/theo, duct/duc, fid, it, string/strict, acu/acr/ac, neg, arch/archi, crac/crat, leg/lig/lect, reg/rig/rect/reign, arbitr;arbiter, aristo, miso, dur, flu/fluct/flux, acu/acr/ac, liber/liver, lith, mon

Anchor Text: The Pearl, by John Steinbeck; Independent Reading Books

### Unit 2: The Effects of Change

How do text elements build and establish central idea in order to promote deeper understanding of the text?

## Reading and Writing: Informational

Author's Use of Meaning and Tone to Establish a Central Idea

Author's Use of Point of View

Author's Use of Conflicting Viewpoints to Establish a Central Idea

Author's Use of Text Structure to Establish a Central Idea

Author's Use of Text Elements to Establish a Central Idea

**Text Dependent Analysis** 

#### **Grammar:**

Functions of Verbs: (gerunds, participles, and infinitives)

Verb Forms (indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood)

Shifts in verb voice and mood

Shifts in verb tense, pronoun number and person

Misplaced and dangling modifiers

## **Word Study:**

pel/puls, pend/pond/pens, term, test, dors, mater/matri, pater/patri, polis/polit, simil/simul/sembl, her/hes, ign/pyr, aesth/esth

**Anchor Texts/Mentor Texts:** Independent Reading Books, Teacher-Selected Passages

## Unit 3: Perspectives and Perceptions

How does comparing and contrasting different modes of text allow the reader to evaluate various authors' point of view and arguments?

# Reading and Writing: Literature and Informational

Text vs. Media
Contemporary Text Vs. Classical Text
Author's Point of View and Relevance
Argumentative Writing
Text Dependent Analysis

### **Grammar:**

Active and Passive Voice (Verbs)

Verb Forms (indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood)

Eliminating wordiness and redundancy

Phrases and clauses

Punctuation for effect

Correct vague pronouns (unclear or ambiguous antecedents)

### Word Study:

astro, cele, cell, dol, dorm, locu/loqu, nomen/nomin, fals/fall, meter/metr, junct/jug/join, pneu, agog, log, ced/cede/ceed/cess

**Anchor Texts/Mentor Texts:** Independent Reading Books; Teacher-selected Passages and Short Stories

## **Unit 4:** The Power of Diversity

How does an author's meaning, tone, and style impact the theme or central idea of prose or poetry and promote deeper understanding of text?

Reading and Writing: Literature and Informational

Point of View
Text Structure
Meaning and Tone
Theme/Central Idea
Literary Analysis
Text Dependent Analysis

Anchor Text: Bronx Masquerade by Nikki Grimes; Independent Reading Books

### **Grammar:**

Review of all concepts taught throughout the year

## Word Study:

eth, volv, cosm, vac, null/nihil/nil, trib, spond/spons, dyn, grad/gred/gress, labor/lab, doc/doct, grat/grac, phil, an/ami/amor, grav/griev/grief, cog, priv, path, bell, ten/tain/tent, greg, gymn, prehend/prehens/pris, cor/cord/cour/card